US EPA RECORDS CENTER REGION 5

# **SOIL SURVEY OF**

# St. Joseph County, Indiana



United States Department of Agriculture
Soil Conservation Service

In cooperation with
Purdue University
Agricultural Experiment Station

This is a publication of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and agencies of the States, usually the Agricultural Experiment Stations. In some surveys, other Federal and local agencies also contribute. The Soil Conservation Service has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey. In line with Department of Agriculture policies, benefits of this program are available to all who need the information, regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, marital status, or age.

Major fieldwork for this sell survey was completed in the period 1967 to 1973. Sell names and descriptions were approved in 1973. Unless otherwise indicated, statements in the publication refer to conditions in the county in 1973. This survey was made cooperatively by the Seil Conservation Service and the Purdue University Agricultural Experiment Station. It is part of the technical assistance furnished to the St. Joseph County Seil and Water Conservation District.

Soil maps in this survey may be copied without permission, but any enlargement of these maps could cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and result in erroneous interpretations. Enlarged maps do not show small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a larger mapping scale.

### HOW TO USE THIS SOIL SURVEY

THIS SOIL SURVEY contains information that can be applied in managing farms and woodlands; in selecting sites for roads, ponds, buildings, and other structures; and in judging the suitability of tracts of land for farming, industry, and recreation.

#### Locating Soils

All the soils of St. Joseph County are shown on the detailed map at the back of this publication. This map consists of many sheets made from aerial photographs. Each sheet is numbered to correspond with a number on the Index to Map Sheets.

On each sheet of the detailed map, soil areas are outlined and are identified by symbols. All areas marked with the same symbol are the same kind of soil. The soil symbol is inside the area if there is enough room; otherwise, it is outside and a pointer shows where the symbol belongs.

#### Finding and Using Information

The "Guide to Mapping Units" can be used to find information. This guide lists all the soils of the county in alphabetic order by map symbol and gives the capability classification, special crop group, tree and shrub group, and woodland group of each. It also shows the page where each soil is described and the page for the capability unit in which the soil has been placed.

Individual colored maps showing the relative suitability or degree of limitation of soils for many specific purposes can be developed by using the soil map and information in the text. Translucent material can be used as an overlay over the soil map and colored to show soils that have the same limitation or suitability. For example, soils that have a slight limitation for a given use can be colored green, those with a moderate limitation can be colored yellow, and those with a severe limitation can be colored red.

Farmers and those who work with farmers can learn about use and management of the soils from the soil descriptions and from the discussions of the capability units, the special crop groups, and the woodland groups.

Foresters and others can refer to the section "Use of the Soils for Woodland," where the soils of the county are grouped according to their suitability for trees.

Wildlife managers and others can find information about soils and wildlife in the section "Use of the Soils for Wildlife Habitat."

Community planners and others can read about soil properties that affect the choice of sites for dwellings, commercial buildings, and waste disposal facilities in the section "Town and Country Planning."

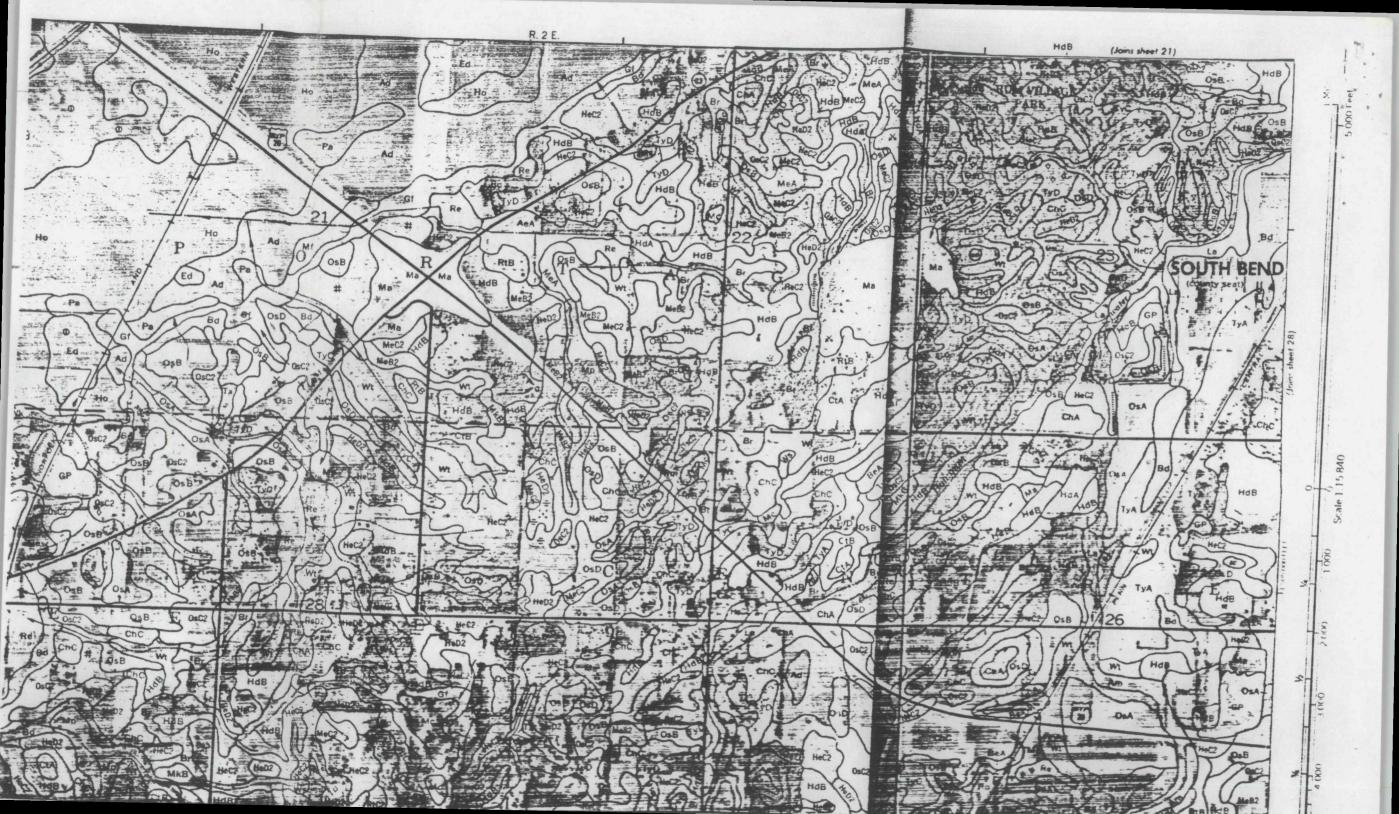
Engineers and builders can find, under "Engineering Uses of the Soils," tables that contain test data, estimates of soil properties, and information about soil features that affect engineering practices.

Scientists and others can read about how the soils formed and how they are classified in the section "Formation and Classification of the Soils."

Newcomers in St. Joseph County may be especially interested in the section "General Soil Map," where broad patterns of soils are described. They may also be interested in the information about the county given in the section "Additional Facts About the County."

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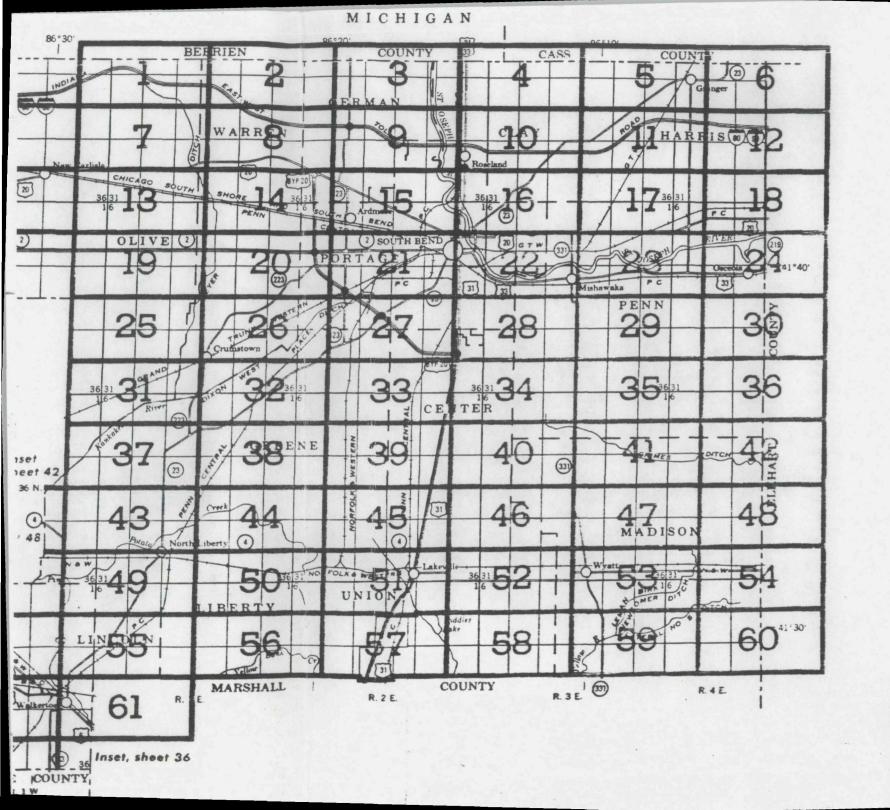
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DAMS

allkill aitt loam ishtenaw allt loam sitaker foam

CULTURAL FEA	ATURES			SPECIAL SYMBOL	LS FOR
BOUNDARIES		MISCELLANEOUS CULTURAL FE	ATURES	SOIL SURVEY SOIL DELINEATIONS AND SYMBOLS	CeA FoB2
				ESCARPMENTS	
National, state or province		(bmit in urban areas)			
County or parish		Church		(points down slope)	***************************************
Minor civil division		School	Indian Mound	Other than bedrock (points down slope)	***************************************
Reservation (national forest or pastate forest or park,	ark,	Indian mound (label)	^	SHORT STEEP SLOPE	
and large airport)		Located object (label)	Tower	GULLY	~~~~~~~
Land grant		Tapk (label)	GAS •	DEPRESSION OR SINK	٥
Limit of soil survey (label)		Wells, oil or gas	ė <sup>8</sup>	SOIL SAMPLE SITE (normally not shown)	(5)
Field sheet matchline & neatline		Windmill		MISCELLANEOUS	
AD HOC BOUNDARY (label)		Kritchen midden		Blowout	v
Small airport, airfield, park, oilfield cemetery, or flood pool	PLOOD			Clay spot	*
STATE COORDINATE TICK	Loor			Gravelly spot	
LAND DIVISION CORNERS (sections and land grants)	L _ + _ +			Gumbo, slick or scabby spot (sodic)	ø
ROADS		WATER FEATURES		Dumps and other similar non soil areas	=
Divided (median shown if scale permits)		DRAINAGE		Prominent hill or peak	3,5
Other roads		Perennial, double line		Rock outcrop (includes sandstone and shale)	
Trail		Perennial, single line		Saline spot	+
ROAD EMBLEMS & DESIGNATIONS		Intermittent		Sandy spot	×
interstate	•	Drainage end		Severely eroded spot	÷
Federal	aug.	Canals or ditches		Slide or slip (tips point upslope)	3)
State	©	Double-line (tabel)	CANAL	Stony spot, very stony spot	0 00
County, farm or ranch	278	Drainage and/or irrigation		Borrow pit	#
RAILROAD		LAKES, PONDS AND RESERVOIRS		Iron spot	n
POWER TRANSMISSION LINE		Perennal	(man) (m)	Mari spot	0
PIPE LINE (normally not shown)		Intermittent	(E) (D)		
FENCE (normally not shown)		MISCELLANEOUS WATER FEATURE	S		
LEVEES		Marsh or swamp	*		
Without road	***************************************	Spring	•		
With road	H	Well, artesien	•		
With railroad		Well, irrigation	•		
DAMS		Wet spot	+		

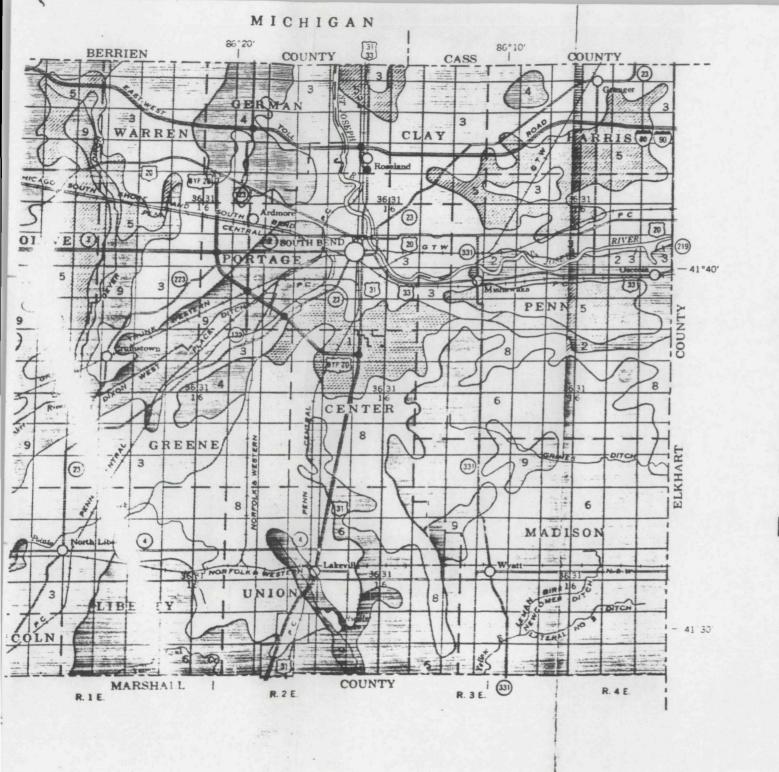
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INDEX TO MAP SHEETS ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, INDIANA

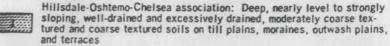
Scale 1:190,080
1 0 1 2 3 4 Miles

SECTIONALIZED TOWNSHIP



#### SOIL ASSOCIATIONS

DOMINANTLY WELL-DRAINED TO EXCESSIVELY DRAINED, NEARLY LEVEL TO STRONGLY SLOPING SOILS



Oshtemo-Fox association: Nearly level to strongly sloping, well-drained, moderately coarse textured soils that are deep and moderately deep over sand and gravelly sand; on outwash plains and terraces

Tyner-Oshtemo association: Deep, nearly level to strongly sloping, well-drained, coarse textured and moderately coarse textured soils on outwash plains and terraces

Coupee-Tracy association: Deep, nearly level to moderately sloping, well-drained, medium-textured and moderately coarse textured soils on outwash plains and terraces

DOMINANTLY SOMEWHAT POORLY DRAINED TO VERY POORLY DRAINED, NEARLY LEVEL, GENTLY SLOPING, AND DEPRESSIONAL SOILS

Rensselaer-Gilford-Maumee association: Deep, depressional and nearly level, very poorly drained, medium-textured, moderately coarse textured, and coarse textured soils on outwash plains

Crosier-Brookston-Milford association: Deep, depressional and nearly level to gently sloping, somewhat poorly drained to very poorly drained, medium-textured to moderately fine textured soils on till plains and lake plains

DOMINANTLY WELL-DRAINED TO SOMEWHAT POORLY DRAINED, NEARLY LEVEL TO STRONGLY SLOPING SOILS

Morley-Blount association: Deep, nearly level to strongly sloping, well-drained to somewhat poorly drained, medium-textured to moderately fine textured soils on till plains and moraines

Riddles-Miami-Crosier association: Deep, nearly level to strongly sloping, well-drained and somewhat poorly drained, medium-textured and moderately fine textured soils on till plains

DOMINANTLY VERY POORLY DRAINED, DEPRESSIONAL AND NEARLY LEVEL. ORGANIC SOILS

Houghton-Adrian-Palms association: Deep, depressional and nearly level, very poorly drained, organic soils on lake plains, outwash plains, and till plains

Compiled 1976

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

PURDUE UNIVERSITY AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

GENERAL SOIL MAP

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, INDIANA

Scale 1:190,080 1 0 1 2 3 4 Mile

> SECTIONALIZED TOWNSHIP